Financial Statements March 31, 2016

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RICHTER

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of The Speech and Stuttering Institute

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Speech and Stuttering Institute, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2016 and the statements of revenues and expenses for the Programs Fund, Pre-School Program Fund and Operating Fund, and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Institute derives revenues from donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Institute and we were not able to determine whether adjustments might be necessary to donation and fundraising activities revenues, excess of revenue over expenses, cash flows from revenues and expenses, assets and net assets for the year ended March 31, 2016. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015 was modified similarly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.



Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Speech and Stuttering Institute as at March 31, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Kichter LLP

Toronto, Ontario August 2, 2016

Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2016

Assets	Progra	ms Fund		Operating <u>Fund</u>	3	2016 <u>Total</u>		2015 <u>Total</u>
Current Cash Short-term investments (note 3) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Sales tax recoverable Due from (to) funds (note 4)	\$	14,796 - 6,832 16,127 21,396 (12,207) 46,944	\$	202,159 454,911 22,500 6,734 838 12,207 699,349	\$	216,955 454,911 29,332 22,861 22,234 - 746,293	\$	181,349 455,797 6,837 25,742 25,662 - 695,387
Leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment (note 5)	<u>\$</u>	19,061 66,005	<u> </u>	699,349	<u>\$</u>	19,061 765,354	<u>\$</u>	25,445 720,832
Liabilities								
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to Ontario Ministry of Children and Youth Services Leasehold inducements	\$	10,120 883 <u>5,577</u> 16,580	\$	3,208	\$	13,328 883 5,577 19,788	\$	18,908 883 8,764 28,555
Commitments (note 6)								
Fund balances								
Unrestricted Invested in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	30,364 19,061 49,425 66,005	<u> </u>	696,141 - 696,141 699,349	\$	726,505 19,061 745,566 765,354	\$	666,832 25,445 692,277 720,832
Approved on behalf of the board								
	_, Directo	r						, Director

Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Programs Fund For the year ended March 31, 2016

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenue		
Ontario Ministry of Children and Youth Services	<u>\$ 850,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,019,265</u>
Expenses		
Salaries	718,056	768,727
Occupancy costs (net of amortization of leasehold	•	•
inducements of \$3,187 (2015 - \$3,187))	140,808	143,741
Employee benefits	77,796	79,528
Printing and office supplies	13,608	11,737
Professional fees	9,523	13,464
Harmonized sales tax	8,605	10,503
Telephone	7,902	7,897
Insurance	6,527	6,170
Amortization - leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment	6,384	7,333
Therapy supplies	3,110	6,203
Staff training	2,915	1,889
Bank charges	2,118	2,003
Postage	1,167	1,586
Equipment maintenance	1,135	2,038
Travel	997	1,015
Public relations	995	374
Office equipment rental	873	1,676
	1,002,519	1,065,884
Excess of expenses over revenue	(152,519)	(46,619)
Fund balance - beginning of the year	51,143	53,798
Transfer from operating fund	<u>150,801</u>	43,964
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 49,425</u>	\$ 51,143

Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Pre-School Program Fund For the year ended March 31, 2016

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenue		
City of Toronto	<u>\$ 180,000</u> <u>\$</u>	150,920
Expenses		
Salaries	129,304	124,616
Professional development	21,979	1,232
Employee benefits	19,212	19,140
Occupancy costs	2,800	-
Insurance	2,123	1,911
Professional fees	2,104	1,185
Program supplies	1,300	1,098
Vehicle mileage	1,178	1,489
Food and accommodation	-	200
Office supplies		49
	<u> 180,000</u>	<u> 150,920</u>
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ NIL</u> <u>\$</u>	NIL

Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Operating Fund For the year ended March 31, 2016

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues Service revenue	\$ 367,81	o \$ 186,340
Donations	190,83	
Workshops	21,44	·
Interest	3,72	•
Fundraising activities		<u>82,016</u>
3	583,81	423,467
Expenses Salaries Employee benefits Consulting fee - marketing Bank charges and interest Insurance and legal Travel Printing and office supplies Repairs and maintenance Professional and clerical fees Harmonized sales tax Hospitality and promotions	303,28 23,52 20,21 10,57 5,64 3,57 3,30 2,69 2,37 1,21	9 17,780 42,294 7 5,334 5 4,827 5 2,879 0 3,693 8 3,657 4 5,041 1 2,252 7 2,383
Workshop expenses	39	•
Occupancy costs	20	•
Parking		17
	<u>378,01</u>	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over expenses	205,80	8 45,157
Fund balance - beginning of year	641,13	4 639,941
Transfer to Programs Fund	(150,80	1) (43,964)
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 696,14</u>	<u>1 \$ 641,134</u>

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended March 31, 2016

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating activities		
Excess of revenues over expenses (expenses over revenues)		
Programs Fund	\$ (152,519)	\$ (46,619)
Operating Fund	205,808	45,157
,	53,289	(1,462)
Adjustments for items not affecting cash		
Amortization - leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment	6,384	7,333
Amortization - leasehold inducements	(3,187)	(3,187)
	3,197	4,146
Changes in non-cash operating working capital		
Accounts receivable	(22,495)	5,943
Prepaid expenses	` 2,881 [′]	12,072
Sales tax recoverable	3,428	(1,265)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(5,580)	(1,300)
Due to City of Toronto	-	(1,817)
Deferred revenue		(12,550)
	(21,766)	1,083
	34,720	3,767
Investing activity		
Short-term investments	886	(201,713)
Increase (decrease) in cash	35,606	(197,946)
Cash - beginning of year	<u>181,349</u>	379,295
Cash - end of year	<u>\$ 216,955</u>	<u>\$ 181,349</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2016

1. Purpose of the institute

The Speech and Stuttering Institute, formerly known as the Speech Foundation of Ontario (the "Institute"), was incorporated under Canada not-for-profit Corporations Act without share capital as a registered charitable organization to encourage and support programs involved in the treatment and rehabilitation of communicative disorders in the Province of Ontario.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for profit organizations. The Institute also applies the Canadian standards for private enterprises to the extent that these standards address topics not addressed in Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Contributions

The Institute follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The Programs Fund reports the restricted grant from the Ontario Ministry of Children and Youth Services (the "Ministry") to be used only for the treatment of children with speech disorders.

The Pre-School Program Fund receives funding from the City of Toronto that is restricted to the provision of speech and language therapy to pre-school children.

The Operating Fund accounts for funds donated to the Institute, funds raised from special events, interest earned on short-term investments, all service revenue earned by the Institute from providing various rehabilitation classes to patients with communitive disorders, as well for all costs related to these activities.

Any excess of funding over the related expenses in the Programs Fund and Pre-School Program Fund is repayable to the respective donors.

Interfund transfers

Operating shortfalls incurred by the Programs Fund and Pre-School Program Fund are covered by the Operating Fund.

Contributed services

The value of volunteer and other services contributed to the Institute is not reported in the financial statements. There is no objective basis available to measure the value of these services and the Institute does not maintain detailed records of these services.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2016

Summary of significant accounting policies, continued

Revenue recognition

Restricted contributions to the Programs Fund and Pre-School Program Fund are recognized as revenues of the appropriate fund in the current period. Unrestricted contributions to the Operating Fund are recognized in the period received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Service revenue and workshops generated by the Operating Fund are recognized when services are rendered, amounts can be reasonably estimated and collectibility is reasonably assured.

Leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment

Leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment are accounted for at cost. Amortization is based on their estimated useful life using the following methods, rate and period:

Furniture and equipment

20%

Declining balance

Leasehold improvements

over the lease term

Straight-line

Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, which comprise leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment, are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows expected from use and eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount, the long-lived asset is considered impaired. An impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

Income taxes

The Institute is a not-for-profit organization as described in Section 149 (1)(1) of the Income Tax Act and, accordingly, is not subject to either federal or provincial income taxes.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2016

2. Summary of significant accounting policies, continued

Financial Instruments

Measurement

The Institute initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions. The Institute subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, short-term investments and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and amounts due to Ontario Ministry of Children and Youth Services.

At year end, the Institute did not have any financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of possible impairment. The Institute determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly to the higher of the present value of the cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset, and the amount that could be realized by selling the asset at the statement of financial position date. The amount of the write-down is recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses.

Transaction costs

The Institute recognizes its transaction costs in the statement of revenues and expenses in the period incurred. However, transaction costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability and are accounted for in the statement of revenues and expenses using the straight-line method.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2016

3. Short-term investments

As at March 31, 2016, the short-term investments, which can be converted to cash at any time, comprise the following:

		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
BMO Cashable GIC, bearing interest at 0.90% per annum and maturing on July 16, 2018 BMO Cashable GIC, bearing interest	\$	100,000	\$ -
at 0.90% per annum and maturing on July 16, 2018		100,000	-
BMO Cashable GIC, bearing interest at 0.90% per annum and maturing on		ŕ	
July 16, 2018		100,000	-
BMO Cashable GIC, bearing interest at 0.90% per annum and maturing on July 16, 2018 CIBC Flexible GIC, bearing interest at 0.6% per annum and maturing on		100,000	-
October 17, 2016		52,222	51,808
BMO Cashable GIC, bearing interest at 1.15% per annum and maturing on April 24, 2017 BMO Cashable GIC, bearing interest at 1.15% per		-	200,000
annum and maturing on July 14, 2017		-	200,000
Accrued interest		2,689	 3,989
	<u>\$</u>	<u>454,911</u>	\$ 455,797

4. Due to (from) funds

The amounts due to (from) funds resulting from the timing differences on funding are non-interest bearing and are due in the subsequent period.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2016

5. Leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment

		Cost		cumulated nortization		Net <u>2016</u>		Net <u>2015</u>
Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements	\$	94,348 20,708	\$	79,166 16,829	\$	15,182 3,879	\$	18,976 <u>6,469</u>
	<u>\$</u>	115,056	<u>\$</u>	95,995	<u>\$</u>	19,061	<u>\$</u>	25,445

6. Commitments

The minimum rental, exclusive of occupancy and escalation charges, payable under the lease for the Institute's premises is approximately as follows:

2017	\$ 100,000
2018	 9,000
Total	109,000

7. Financial instruments

The Institute is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Institute's risk exposure at the statement of financial position date.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Institute is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties in connection with its accounts receivable. The Institute does not obtain collateral or other security to support the accounts receivable subject to credit risk but mitigates this risk by dealing only with what management believes to be financially sound counterparties and, accordingly, does not anticipate significant loss for non-performance.

Interest rate risk

The Institute is exposed to interest rate price risk with respect to its short-term investments which bear a fixed rate of interest. The primary objective of the Institute with respect to its fixed income investments is to ensure the security of principal amounts invested and provide for a high degree of liquidity, while achieving a satisfactory investment return.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Institute will have difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Prudent management of liquidity risk implies retaining a sufficient level of liquidity. The Institute believes that its recurring financial resources are adequate to cover all its expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements March 31, 2016

8. Programs Fund statement of operations reconciliation

According to the terms of the Programs Fund funding agreement between the Institute and the Ministry, expenditures for computer equipment, leasehold improvements and leasehold inducement liabilities have been included as operating expenses by the Ministry while Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations require these items to be capitalized and amortized over their estimated useful lives. Therefore, until these assets and liabilities have been fully amortized for financial statement purposes, there will be differences between the results of operations reported to the Ministry and the results of operations reported in the financial statements. The reconciliation is as follows:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Excess of expenses over revenues per financial statements	\$ (152,519)	\$ (46,619)
Amortization - leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment Amortization - leasehold inducements	6,384 (3,187)	7,333 (3,187)
Excess of revenues over expenses (expenses over revenues) for Ministry reporting purposes	\$ (149,322)	<u>\$ (42,473</u>)